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APPLICATION NO.	F	TLING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/685,905		10/10/2000	Yunzhou Li	10360/075001/12335BA	4628
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ACTON, M)	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,				2143	· ·
				DATE MAILED: 09/08/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

4						
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/685,905	LI, YUNZHOU				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Arrienne M. Lezak	2143				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN (36(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC e, cause the application to become A	ICATION. It reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers		·				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in crity documents have bee u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) s(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Examiner notes that Claims 1, 3, 8, 10, 15, 19, 20 & 34 have been amended, and no claims have been added or cancelled. All claims not explicitly addressed herein are found to be addressed within prior Office Action dated 10 March 2005 as reiterated herein below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. Examiner acknowledges and appreciates Applicant's amendment to the claim language removing the terminology "flooding...from", and thus withdraws 35 USC § 112 rejections based on the same.
- 2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 3. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. Particularly, Examiner notes that Applicant's claim language includes "even if the multicast data is <u>lost</u> in the control path", which "lost" is not supported or described anywhere with Applicant's specification. Examiner notes that the term "lost" is not synonymous with the term "dropped", as "lost" implies some form of existence whereas

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"dropped" implies no existence. That noted, for purposes of examination, Examiner will interpret Applicant's claim as "whereby the multicast data is forwarded from the router".

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- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Particularly, Examiner notes that Applicant's claim language includes "even if the multicast data is <u>lost</u> in the control path", which "lost" is not supported or described anywhere with Applicant's specification. Examiner notes that the term "lost" is not synonymous with the term "dropped", as "lost" implies some form of existence whereas "dropped" implies no existence. That noted, for purposes of examination, Examiner will interpret Applicant's claim as "whereby the multicast data is forwarded from the router".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 1-36 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over extensive consideration of US Patent 5,903,559 to Acharya.

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8. Regarding Claims 1, 8, 15-17, 21 & 25, Acharya discloses a method, a machine-readable medium and a router for processing multicast data associated with a multicast

group and transmitted to a port of a line card, (per pending Claims 16, 17, 21 & 25), of a

router, comprising the sequential steps of:

determining whether a data path of the router includes forwarding information for the multicast data, (Fig. 8; Col. 7, lines 16-41; Col. 8, lines 51-67; Col. 9, lines 1-8; Col. 12, lines 43-67; Col. 13; Col. 14, lines 46-67; Col. 15, lines 1-29; and Col. 16, lines 21-27);

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- if the data path does not include forwarding information for the multicast data, broadcasting the multicast data from each port of the router that could possibly be associated with a destination of the multicast data, (Fig. 8; Col. 7, lines 16-41; Col. 8, lines 51-67; Col. 9, lines 1-8; Col. 12, lines 43-67; Col. 13; Col. 14, lines 46-67; Col. 15, lines 1-29; and Col. 16, lines 21-27), (Examiner notes that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention by Applicant to broadcast data to all possible destinations wherein a multicast transmission is required and not all destination addresses are known, as a broadcast is an obvious, well-known and effective means by which device discovery is performed):
- subsequent to broadcasting the multicast data, determining via a control path which ports of the router are actually associated with a

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destination of the multicast data, (Fig. 8; Col. 7, lines 16-41; Col. 8, lines 51-67; Col. 9, lines 1-8; Col. 12, lines 43-67; Col. 13; Col. 14, lines 46-67; Col. 15, lines 1-29; and Col. 16, lines 21-27); whereby the multicast data is forwarded from the router, (Fig. 8; Col. 7, lines 16-41; Col. 8, lines 51-67; Col. 9, lines 1-8; Col. 12, lines 43-67; Col. 13; Col. 14, lines 46-67; Col. 15, lines 1-29; and Col. 16, lines 21-27), (Examiner specifically notes that reading data within Acharya is obvious (if not inherent) to determining the appropriate group of output ports, as a determination obviously cannot be made on anything without having read it first).

Thus, Claims 1, 8, 15-17, 21 & 25 are found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharya.

- 9. Regarding Claims 2, 9, 18 & 23, Acharya discloses a method for transmitting subsequent multicast data associated with the multicast group via only ports determined to be appropriate for the multicast group, (per pending Claims 2, 9 & 18), (Fig. 8; Col. 7, lines 16-41; Col. 12, lines 43-67; Col. 13; Col. 14, lines 46-67; & Col. 15, lines 1-29), and wherein state information includes the source parameter indicating a source of the data, (per pending Claim 23), (Col. 10, lines 42-49 and Col. 14, lines 39-45). Thus, Claims 2, 9, 18 & 23 are found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharya.
- 10. Regarding Claims 3, 10, 19 & 24, Acharya discloses a method wherein the state information includes a group parameter indicating at least one destination of the data.

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(Col. 10, lines 42-49; Col. 14, lines 39-45; and Col. 18, lines 55-58), (per pending Claim 24), and wherein the reading of multicast data includes transmitting the multicast data via all ports except the port on which the multicast data was received, (per pending Claims 3, 10 & 19), (Fig. 8; Col. 7, lines 16-41; Col. 12, lines 43-67; Col. 13; Col. 14, lines 46-67; & Col. 15, lines 1-29). Thus, Claims 3, 10, 19 & 24 are found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharva.

- 11. Regarding Claims 4 & 11, Acharya discloses a method comprising performing a reverse path forwarding check on the data, (Col. 16, lines 8-27 and Col. 24, lines 43-58). Thus, Claims 4 & 11 are found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharya.
- 12. Regarding Claims 5, 7, 12 and 14, Acharya discloses a method wherein performing and verifying is done using a multicast border gateway protocol, (Col. 24, lines 43-58). Thus, Claims 5, 7, 12 and 14 are found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharya.
- 13. Regarding Claims 6, 13 and 31, Acharya discloses a method comprising verifying that the data, including known state information, was received at the proper line card, (Col. 18, lines 42-67 and Col. 19, lines 1-19). Thus, Claims 6, 13 and 31 are found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharya.
- 14. Regarding Claims 20, 22 & 30, Acharya discloses a method for processing multicast data which is associated with a multicast group and transmitted to a port of a line card of a router comprising: receiving multicast data inclusive of known, (per pending claim 30), and unknown state information, (Fig. 8; Col. 14, lines 46-67 and Col.

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15, lines 1-29); storing the multicast data with default state information, (Col. 7, lines 16-41 and Col. 16, lines 21-27); reading/broadcasting the multicast data from a plurality of ports of the router that could possibly be associated with a destination of the multicast data, (Fig. 8; Col. 7, lines 16-41; Col. 12, lines 43-67; Col. 13; Col. 14, lines 46-67; & Col. 15, lines 1-29); subsequent to broadcast of the multicast data, performing a reverse path forwarding check on the multicast data, (Col. 16, lines 8-27 and Col. 24, lines 43-58); verifying that the multicast data was received at a proper interface, (Col. 18, lines 42-67 and Col. 19, lines 1-19); determining a multicast group associated with the multicast data; and routing or multicasting the multicast data to the multicast group or all available interfaces, (Col. 22, lines 26-67); and routing the subsequent multicast data associated with the multicast group from only the ports associated with the multicast group, (Fig. 8; Col. 7, lines 16-41; Col. 12, lines 43-67; Col. 13; Col. 14, lines 46-67; & Col. 15, lines 1-29). Thus, Claims 20, 22 & 30 are found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharya.

15. Regarding Claims 32 and 33, Acharya discloses multicasting data including known state information according to the known state information if the multicast data including known state information is verified, (pending Claim 32), and dropping the multicast data including known state information if the multicast data including known state information is not verified, (pending Claim 33), (Col. 14, lines 46-67 and Col. 15, lines 1-29). Thus, Claims 32 & 33 are found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharya.

16. Regarding Claim 26, Acharya discloses a method wherein a data path associated with a router and configured to process multicast data executes the performing and verifying, (Col. 8, lines 52 -61; Col. 10, lines 42-49; Col. 22, lines 58-67; and Col. 23, lines 36-51). Thus, Claim 26 is found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharya.

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- 17. Regarding Claim 27, Acharya discloses a method wherein the data path uses a multicast border gateway protocol in executing the performing and the verifying. (Col. 24, lines 43-59). Thus, Claim 27 is found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharva.
- 18. Regarding Claim 28, Acharya discloses a method wherein the processor included in a router and configured to process multicast data executes the determining. (Fig.11 and Col. 19, lines 20-26). Thus, Claim 28 is found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharya.
- 19. Regarding Claim 29, Acharya discloses a method comprising trimming routes to paths not associated with multicast groups, (Col. 14, lines 46-67 and Col. 15, lines 1-29). Thus, Claim 29 is found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharya.
- 20. Regarding Claim 34, Acharya discloses a method for processing multicast data which is associated with a multicast group and transmitted to a port of a line card of a router, (Fig. 8; Col. 7, lines 16-41; Col. 12, lines 43-67; Col. 13; Col. 14, lines 46-67; & Col. 15, lines 1-29), comprising: determining whether a data path of the router includes forwarding information for the multicast data; if the data path does not include

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forwarding information for the multicast data, installing a default state associated with multicast data in a data path of a line card, (Col. 14, lines 46-67 and Col. 15, lines 1-29), (Examiner notes that determination of multicast forwarding information is obvious in light of device discovery as noted herein above); broadcasting the multicast data from the line card to all other line cards that the line card is configured to communicate with, (Col. 22, lines 26-67); sending the multicast data from the data path to a control path of the line card, (Col. 22, lines 58-67); subsequent to broadcasting the multicast data, at the control path, computing a route for the multicast data, (Col. 23, lines 20-35); and designating that the line cards not included in the computed route not broadcast multicast data having the same state information and subsequently received at the data path, (Col. 14, lines 46-67 and Col. 15, lines 1-29). Thus, Claim 34 is found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharya.

- 21. Regarding Claim 35, Acharya discloses a method comprising performing at the data path a reverse path forwarding check on the multicast data using a multicast gateway border protocol, (Col. 16, lines 8-27 and Col. 24, lines 43-58). Thus, Claim 35 is found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharya.
- 22. Regarding Claim 36, Acharya discloses a method comprising prior to the installing, checking state information associated with the multicast data with a multicast border gateway protocol to verify that the line card received the multicast data from a proper source, (Col. 18, lines 42-67; Col. 19, lines 1-19; Col. 22, lines 26-67; and Col.

24, lines 43-58). Thus, Claim 36 is found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Acharya.

Response to Arguments

- 23. Applicant's arguments filed 9 June 2005, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's arguments do not comply with 37 CFR 1.111(c) because they do not clearly point out the patentable novelty which he or she thinks the claims present in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited or the objections made. Further, they do not show how the amendments avoid such references or objections.
- 24. For convenience, Examiner incorporates previous argument between the parties as follows:

Examiner notes that Applicant's claims have been written so broadly that any arbitrary state information, including that enumerated within Acharya, may be made to read upon them. In particular, as to Applicant's argument regarding the storage of state information, Examiner notes that Acharya teaches the storage of cells in a buffer, which cells inherently comprise state information, (Col. 7, line 38). As to Applicant's argument concerning the line card and controller, Examiner notes that Acharya teaches a line interface card wherein the ATM is switched dynamically, and therefore are inherently dynamically configuring said line cards, (in fact, said line cards are being configured specifically to exclude the multicast data on specific computed route(s)), (Col. 7, lines 37-51). As to Applicant's argument concerning the receipt of multicast data including

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unknown state information, Examiner observes that Acharya transmits information that is unknown to a second router from a first router, (Col. 15, line 14 – note: 1-2 bcast bitmap created by first router is unknown by second router).

- 25. In response to applicant's argument that the Archarya fails to disclose the use of both paths, Examiner respectfully disagrees noting that Acharya clearly establishes two-way communication wherein both paths are obviously utilized in a manner similar to that of Applicant's claimed invention.
- 26. Additionally, Examiner notes that the Claims, as amended, do not recite patentable subject matter, as noted herein above. Thus, as Examiner has completely addressed Applicant's amendment, and finding Applicant's arguments do not show how the amended claims language avoids such references or objections, Examiner hereby maintains the rejection of all claims in their entirety.
- 27. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).
- 28. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

US Patent US 6,795,403 B1 to Gundavelli.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Arrienne M. Lezak whose telephone number is (571)-272-3916. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Wiley can be reached on (571)-272-3923. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Arrienne M. Lezak Examiner Art Unit 2143

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100